



ENERGY EFFICIENCY PROGRAM

PRESENTED TO

TEXAS TECHNOLOGY SHOWCASE 2003

MARCH 17, 2003



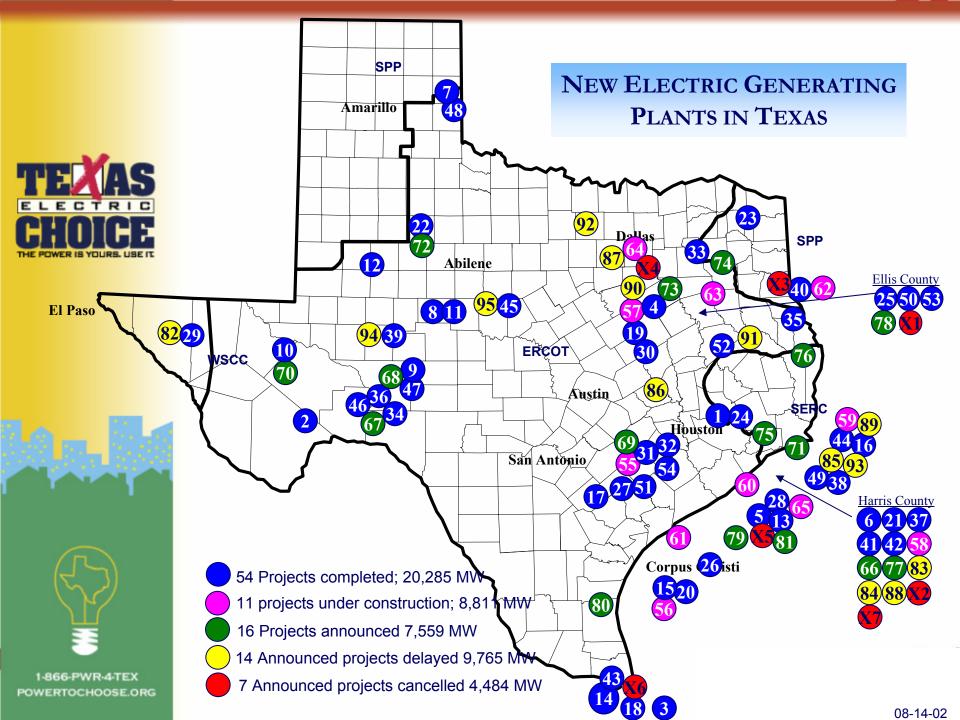


BACKGROUND ELECTRIC EFFICIENCY PROGRAMS

- Retail competition in ERCOT began January 1, 2002 for investor-owned utilities
- Competition delayed in other areas
- Adequate supply of generating capacity
- Transmission limitations may result in regional and temporal price differences









ENERGY EFFICIENCY PROGRAMS

- Senate Bill 7 (1999 session) requires
 utilities to conduct energyefficiency programs
- Senate Bill 5 (2001 session) requires
 PUC to conduct energy-efficiency
 grant program





ENERGY EFFICIENCY GRANT PROGRAM

OBJECTIVE

To contribute to the reduction in air emissions, in non-attainment and affected counties, by reducing electric demand and peak loads.





SENATE BILL 5 ENERGY EFFICIENCY PROGRAM

- PUC grant program
- Utilities in non-attainment area and affected counties apply for grants
- Utilities may use standard offer or market transformation programs
- Funded from SB 5 revenues





ELECTRICAL UTILITY PARTICIPATION

2002

Four Proposals from Three Non-Attainment Areas

- **■**Two Proposals Selected for Funding
- ■\$67,950 Commercial Lighting Entergy Proposal
- \$200,000 Load-Management Reliant Proposal

Proposed Energy Reductions

- Entergy 150 kW and 1,300,000 kWh Reductions
- Reliant 2.12 MW Peak Load Reduction











FUNDING

REVENUE	REVENUE COMMITMENTS
\$1,380,836	 \$215,000 administration \$267,950 Grant Award Commitments: \$200,000 load management program (Reliant) \$67,950 commercial lighting program (Entergy)







2002 Activities Summary

DATE	ACTIVITY
May 2002 – September 2002	Grantees implement programs and report results
	Commission monitors, evaluates and revises program based on result of pilot program
October 2002	Coordinate with TCEQ on final report to TERP Board and Legislature
Ongoing	Outreach to eligible entities
January 2003	Request for Proposals – 2 nd Grant Cycle



ESTIMATING EMISSION REDUCTIONS

The PUC, TCEQ and the EPA developed a simplified model to estimate emissions reductions resulting from the SB 5 Energy Efficiency Grant Program and those mandated by SB 7.



It is possible that additional modeling of the impact of energy-efficiency on air emissions may be needed.

EMISSION REDUCTIONS



- **SB** 5 Results Lights \$67,950
- 1.669 tons NO_x

 Reduction
- Net Cost =

 \$26,574 per ton

 Net Project Life =

 -\$5,638 per ton
- Gross Cost = \$40,676

 per ton

 Gross Project Life =

 \$4,068 per ton

- **SB** 7 Results \$43,856,823
- 415 tons NO_x
 Reduction
- Net Cost = \$92,727 per ton Net Project Life = \$3,196 per ton
- Gross Cost =
 \$105,794 per ton
 Gross Project Life =
 \$10,579 per ton





CLEAN AIR BENEFIT



1,070 MWh Equal 1.669 tons NO_x Reduction

93 Vehicles Removed from Road (emit 1.37 grams of NO_x per mile)

300 Newer Vehicles (emit 0.4 grams of NO_x per mile)











\$ 1.5 Million



1-866-PWR-4-TEX POWERTOCHOOSE.ORG





- **Quantify Reductions of Electric Consumption and Production**<u>Maximum Points: 30</u>
- **Where Programs are Offered Maximum Points: 15**
- Cost and Benefits
 <u>Maximum Points: 15</u>
- **Service Area Sources of Electricity Maximum Points: 20**
- **Ability to Complete Project within Prescribed Timeframe Maximum Points: 10**
- **Additional Criteria**<u>Maximum Points: 10</u>







ELECTRICAL UTILITY APPLICATIONS

2003

Eight Proposals

Three Non-Attainment Areas

Five Affected Areas

Proposed Energy Reductions

9,447 MWh Reductions









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